

# **LEAP™** CS Q-LEAP™ P-SINE with SE-09

Primary calibration system with high frequency vibration exciter

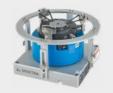


HERO™ vibration controller incl. signal conditioners



CS Q-LEAP<sup>™</sup> software

- sine calibration
- · sine sweep
- vibration measurement
- vibration generation
- more on demand



SE-09 high-frequency vibration exciter



Power amplifier PA 500 DM



all-digital laser vibrometer incl. vibration isolation and positioning device for the laser head

## ~

#### **Typical DUT**

- PE transducer
- IEPE transducer
- VC transducer
- PR transducer
- digital transducer with SPI, I2C, DTI, and many other interfaces
- vibration meter
- laser vibrometer
- · vibration calibrator



#### **Standards**

- ISO 16063 -11: Primary calibration of vibration transducers
- ISO 16063 21: Calibration of vibration transducers by comparison to a reference transducer
- ISO 16063 41: Calibration of laser vibrometers
- ISO 17025: General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories



### **Key features**



Frequency range 5 Hz ... 20 kHz (50 kHz)



Traceable to PTB (German National Metrology Laboratory)



Calibration of vibration sensors, measurement systems and calibrators



Integrated sensor database





Integrated software for the generation of calibration certificates (print, PDF,...)

Easy data exchange with applications like ERP systems or measuring equipment databases



Frequency range	5 Hz20 kHz (50 kHz without traceability)	
Acceleration, max.	$400 \text{ m/s}^2 (40 g_n) \text{ peak}$	
Velocity, max.	0.5 m/s (19.7 inch/s)	
Displacement, max.	7.5 mm (0.3 inch)	
DUT Weight, max.	350 g (12 oz)	
Sensitivity of ref. accel.	$1 \text{ mV/m/s}^2 (10 \text{ mV/} g_n)$	
Laser vibrometer	Class 2 helium-neon laser with 632.81 nm wavelength; digital interface between laser and vibration controller	

Frequency range		Max. recommended	Expanded measurement uncertainty 2)	
from	to	payload	magnitude <sup>3)</sup> / phase <sup>1)</sup>	display deviation (ref. laser vibromter)
5 Hz	< 20 Hz	200 g	0.5 % / 0.5°	
20 Hz	1 000 Hz		0.3 % / 0.5°	0.2 %
> 1 000 Hz	5 000 Hz		0.5 % / 0.5°	
> 5 000 Hz	10 000 Hz	50 g	1.0 % / 1.0°	0.3 %
> 10 000 Hz	15 000 Hz		2.0 % / 2.0°	0.4 %
> 15 000 Hz	20 000 Hz		2.5 % / 3.0°	0.5 %
Reference frequer 80 Hz, 100 Hz, 160		200 g	0.3 % / 0.5°	0.2 %

Recommended excitation amplitudes (peak values)		
Minimum	0.1 m/s <sup>2</sup>	
Maximum (high payload) <sup>4)</sup> (displacement, velocity, acceleration)	4 mm in the range 5 Hz12 Hz 0.3 mm/s in the range 12 Hz53 Hz 100 m/s² in the range 53 Hz40 kHz	
Maximum (low payload) <sup>5)</sup> (displacement, velocity, acceleration)	4 mm in the range 5 Hz12 Hz 0.3 mm/sin the range 12 Hz106 Hz 200 m/s² in the range 106 Hz20 kHz	

- 1) Requires software option for phase response measurements
- 2) Determined according to GUM (ISO Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement) with k = 2 (coverage factor). The measurement uncertainty is specified for the best possible device under test (DUT): "Nanometrics Trillium Compact" (plus its mounting adapter) in two configurations: first the DUT and secondly the DUT with additional dummy mass. Best uncertainty values only valid for symmetric centered mounting of the DUT and the mass with a center of gravity <80 mm at 35 kg above exciter table. Any other type of DUT can be calibrated. But they must meet the maximum payload limits given by the data sheet of the vibration exciter. Measurement uncertainties need to be determined individually, especially for frequencies above 20 Hz
- 3) Valid for electrical sensor signals ≥ (1 mV or 1 pC)
- 4) Maximum vibration amplitude for maximum payload (DUT)
- 5) Maximum vibration amplitude without any payload (DUT)